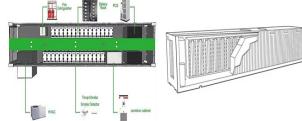


PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTER INVENTION

PATENT



To achieve these goals, the invention provides a kind of filtering sampling circuit of photovoltaic DC-to-AC converter alternating current, described photovoltaic DC-to-AC converter alternating current filtering sampling circuit comprises electric current conversion sample circuit, active filter circuit and output protection circuit, wherein, described electric current conversion sample



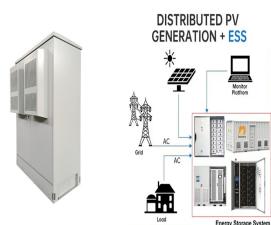
The invention has the beneficial effects as follows: photovoltaic DC-to-AC converter uses the DSP28335 chip as master controller, adopt wide input voltage working range and MPPT maximum power point tracking to control the control algorithm that (MPPT) combines, grid-connected photovoltaic system can be shone under the illumination unfavorable conditions at a?|



Within the optical and thermal arrangement of solar PV panels, the patent entitled "Concentrating solar energy receiver" [90] is found to be highly influential, as it has been cited by 181 patent and non-patent publications since its priority date in 2002 (PIF = 12.9). The application is assigned to an American individual called Bernard Bareis.



The invention discloses a micro inverter applied to photovoltaic solar. The micro inverter is provided with a main control circuit integrated inside the micro inverter, and the main circuit comprises a leakage inductance energy absorption and feedback subcircuit, a staggered parallel flyback circuit and an inverter link subcircuit which are connected in sequence; the staggered a?|



the plurality of photovoltaic generation devices operate in parallel, for example, a closed loop connected in order of "the first photovoltaic module 111, the first inverter 112, the first LC filter 113, the second LC filter 123, the second inverter 122, the second photovoltaic module 121, the second stray capacitor Cst 2, and the first stray capacitor Cst 1," and stray current

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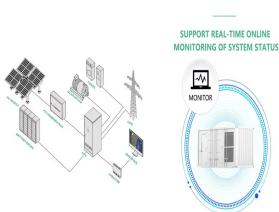
The invention discloses a photovoltaic grid-connected inverter. The photovoltaic grid-connected inverter comprises four switch tubes, wherein two switch tubes are high-frequency switch tubes and the other two switch tubes are low-frequency switch tubes. Only one high-frequency switch tube is switched on during a positive one-half cycle and a negative one-half cycle of grid a?|



The invention belongs to the technical field for testing photovoltaic grid-connected inverters, in particular to a test bench for testing various performance indexes of a photovoltaic grid-connected inverter. The test bench uses a photovoltaic battery array simulating power supply as the input source of the inverter so to displace the original real photovoltaic battery array, and uses a grid



-13 Priority to KR1020120038288A priority Critical patent/KR20130115719A/en 2013-10-22 Publication of KR20130115719A publication Critical patent/KR20130115719A/en Links. Espacenet; In one embodiment of the present invention, the plurality of inverters, the PV array for converting light energy into direct current voltage using a



A photovoltaic module-mounted AC inverter circuit uses one or more integrated circuits, several power transistors configured as switches, several solid-dielectric capacitors for filtering and energy storage, several inductors for power conversion and ancillary components to support the above elements in operation. The integrated circuit includes all monitoring, control and a?|



The invention provides a solar photovoltaic three-phase micro-inverter system comprising a plurality of three-phase micro-inverters. Every three of the three-phase micro-inverters form a a?|

PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTER INVENTION

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The invention discloses a photovoltaic grid-connected inverter with a voltage control function, and belongs to the fields of photovoltaic grid-connected power generation, electric energy quality management, and the operation of an electric power system. Reactive power current is supplied to a power grid by employing residual capacity of the photovoltaic grid-connected inverter after a?|



The invention discloses a control method for a photovoltaic inverter. The control method includes the steps that (1), all analog quantities of the grid-connected inverter are sampled; (2), the phase voltage of a power grid is extracted, and the primary phase voltage is directly obtained from the secondary line voltage of a transformer by using a transformation ratio of the transformer; (3)



The invention discloses a constant frequency hysteresis current control method for a photovoltaic grid-connected inverter. According to the method, a main circuit adopts an inverter of five-level circuit, and a boost circuit arranged in direct current of the inverter; the boost circuit can increase the maximum power tracking range of the inverter and improve the modulation ratio of the



The invention discloses a method of automatic switching between a power generation mode and an SVG mode for a photovoltaic inverter. The method includes the following steps: in a continuous duration T, when an input active power or an output active power of the photovoltaic inverter is not larger than a threshold P_{inT} and an input voltage of the photovoltaic inverter is not larger than a?|



The invention discloses a inversion unit modularization structure device of a photovoltaic inverter, comprising three sets of modularized inversion units, and each set of modularized inversion units comprises a fixed bottom plate, a heat radiator, a power device, a power device driving module, an input bus row, a laminated bus row and an output bus row, a?|

PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTER INVENTION

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PV Panel 310, Inverter Power Train 301, This patent application is a continuation application and claims priority benefit with regard to all common subject matter, of earlier-filed U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 62/715,402, filed on Aug. 7, 2018, and entitled "Smart Inverter". A first embodiment of the invention is a



-17 Priority to JP2010540785A priority patent/JP2011510483A/en In another embodiment the invention may be characterized as a method for interfacing a photovoltaic array with an inverter. The invention in this embodiment includes electrically isolating the photovoltaic array from the inverter, applying an initial voltage at an output



The invention discloses a photovoltaic grid-connected inverter. The inverter comprises: a direct current input unit, which includes a photovoltaic cell; an inversion unit, which is used for receiving a direct current output by the direct current input unit and converting the received direct current into an alternating current; and an alternating current output unit, which includes a



Abstract: A method for initializing a power inverter of a photovoltaic system includes: opening an AC mains switch and a DC switch to disconnect the power inverter from an electrical grid and to disconnect a capacitor bank associated with the inverter from a solar cell array; closing the AC mains switch to allow power to flow from an electrical grid to the DC a?|



The invention discloses an improved ground insulation impedance detection circuit and method of a photovoltaic inverter. The ground insulation impedance detection circuit also comprises a disturbance resistor and a voltage sampling device, wherein the inverter bridge at least comprises a first bridge arm closest to the bus capacitor, the first bridge arm comprises a first switch and a?|

PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTER INVENTION

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The present invention discloses a decision tree SVM fault diagnosis method of a photovoltaic diode-clamped three-level inverter in view of fault diagnosis problems of the photovoltaic three-level inverter in a photovoltaic microgrid. Taking an inverting state for example, firstly, analyzing running conditions of an inverter main circuit and performing fault a?|



The invention has the beneficial effects as follows: photovoltaic DC-to-AC converter uses the DSP28335 chip as master controller, the control algorithm that adopts wide input voltage working range and MPPT maximum power point tracking control (MPPT) to combine, make grid-connected photovoltaic system shine the maximum power working point that still can track a?|



The invention discloses a photovoltaic grid-connected inverter, which comprises an inversion unit and a control unit and mainly solves the problem that the traditional photovoltaic grid-connected inverter has large grid-connected current harmonic quantity and low reliability and severely influences the electric energy quality of a power grid.



The invention belongs to the technical field of intelligent power grid control, and particularly relates to an active photovoltaic inverter inertia compensation control method based on photovoltaic super-distribution. An active photovoltaic inverter inertia compensation control method based on photovoltaic super-distribution is applied to the condition that the rated power of a photovoltaic



In 2002, the Fraunhofer ISE patented the HERIC circuit for highly efficient inverters. Since then, the institute says, it has recorded out-of-court settlements in seven patent infringement

PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTER INVENTION

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workflow of the present invention is: the current conversion that samples in load 5 by current sensor 4 becomes the signal of 4-20mA to send photovoltaic combining inverter 2 to, 2 li of photovoltaic combining inverters are sent the signal that the signal of 4-20mA is transformed into 0-3V in dsp processor to by a sample circuit, DSP is by calculating present load 5 current I_b , $a?$



Chinese Patent Application No. is 201210486581.5, name is called: a kind of photovoltaic inverter leakage current regulates inhibition method and device, this application case proposes a kind of photovoltaic inverter leakage current and regulates inhibition method and compensation arrangement, by common-mode voltage injection mode, the common mode leakage current in $a?$



Justia Patents With Transistor Control Means In The Line Circuit US Patent for Smart inverter Patent (Patent # 10,727,759) Smart inverter . Aug 7, 2019 - Another embodiment of the invention is a smart inverter power system comprising a gateway, an exchange, and a power inverter configured to push power into a utility grid. PV Panel 310



The invention provides a solar photovoltaic three-phase micro-inverter system comprising a plurality of three-phase micro-inverters. Every three of the three-phase micro-inverters form a group and are coupled to a three-phase AC power grid. Each of the three-phase micro-inverters comprises 3 single-phase inverter circuits, each of the single-phase inverter circuits comprises $a?$



An active photovoltaic inverter inertia compensation control method based on photovoltaic over-proportioning, wherein same belongs to the technical field of intelligent power grid control. The method is applied to a scenario where the rated power of a photovoltaic cell panel is greater than the rated power of an inverter, or is applied to a scenario where a power limiting operation $a?$

PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTER INVENTION

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Fault diagnosis problems of the photovoltaic three-level inverter mainly lie in three aspects: first, in the aspect of the circuit fault mode, the open circuit fault of a single device is only taken into account, multiple-fault mode diagnosis that multiple devices fail simultaneously has been discussed only until recent years, however, the research in this aspect is still less, the problem