

# SOLID PARAFFIN FOR PHASE CHANGE ENERGY STORAGE



Can paraffin be used for thermal energy storage? Paraffins are useful as phase change materials (PCMs) for thermal energy storage (TES) via their melting transition,  $T_{mpt}$ . Paraffins with  $T_{mpt}$  between 30 and 60°C have particular utility in improving the efficiency of solar energy capture systems and for thermal buffering of electronics and batteries.



How is solid paraffin encapsulated? Solid paraffin was encapsulated by water-dispersible Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> nanoparticles (nano-Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>) functionalized with amphiphilic polymer chains using an eco-friendly Pickering emulsion route to prepare a sort of composite phase change materials (PCMs) for thermal energy storage.



Can phase change materials improve solar thermal energy storage? 1. Introduction The high latent heats of phase change materials (PCMs) can greatly improve solar thermal energy storage (TES) in conventional solar energy capture systems [,,,] and reduce energy costs by effective thermal management in the built environment [,,,,,,].



Are paraffin PCMs stable? Paraffin PCMs are found to be stable for over 3000 thermal cycles. The chemical compatibilities of PCMs with 17 different materials are reported. Properties from suppliers of commercial paraffins might not be accurate. Paraffins are useful as phase change materials (PCMs) for thermal energy storage (TES) via their melting transition,  $T_{mpt}$ .



How melted paraffin and monomers can be encapsulated and stabilized? The oil phase of melted paraffin and monomers were easily encapsulated and stabilized by the nano-Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> stabilizer in an aqueous medium. The subsequent polymerization reaction of the monomers in the cores allowed the formation of the shape-stabilized composite PCM microcapsules having hybrid shell for thermal energy storage applications.

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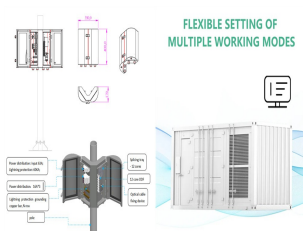
Do paraffin PCMs have a sharp solid-liquid transition? Compared to fatty acids which, in general, have a sharp solid-liquid transition, paraffins and especially commercial blends have a broader solid-liquid transition and possibly a solid-solid transition close to the melting point. Therefore,  $T_{mpt}$  of paraffin PCMs can be especially prone to misinterpretation.



Thermal energy storage (TES) using phase change materials (PCMs) has received increasing attention since the last decades, due to its great potential for energy savings and energy management in the building sector.



Rheological aspects of solid-to-liquid phase transitions in paraffin wax/bitumen blends for thermal energy storage applications normalised phase change enthalpies per ???



Paraffin waxes have been used in many latent thermal energy storage applications because of their advantageous thermal performances. In this paper, the liquid???solid phase ???



In DSC thermograms, the main peak represents solid???liquid phase change (melting) of paraffin, and the minor peak corresponds to solid???solid phase transition of paraffin. Table 2 ???

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Considering the leakage issue of pure PCMs during the solid-liquid phase change process, encapsulating PCMs into porous supporting materials to develop shape-stabilized ???



Latent thermal energy storage (LTES) using phase change material (PCM) is one of the most preferred forms of energy storage, which can provide high energy storage density, ???



In the present paper a method for characterization of alkanes (C 1-C 100) and paraffin waxes for application as the low-temperature (298-323 K) phase change energy storage medium is introduced, A computational technique is ???



As an effective approach to deal with the intermittency and instability of energy, latent heat thermal energy storage (LHTES) with phase change materials (PCMs) has great ???



Among different types of phase transitions, only some first-order phase transitions like solid-liquid transition and partially solid-solid transition have high latent heat (?? H) and small volume change (?? V), appropriate for thermal energy storage.

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In this study, a series of encapsulated micro phase change material (EMPCM) based on industrial paraffin and inorganic-organic hybrid shell was reported. The microcapsules (28#P@CLPS/MS) were synthesized with ???